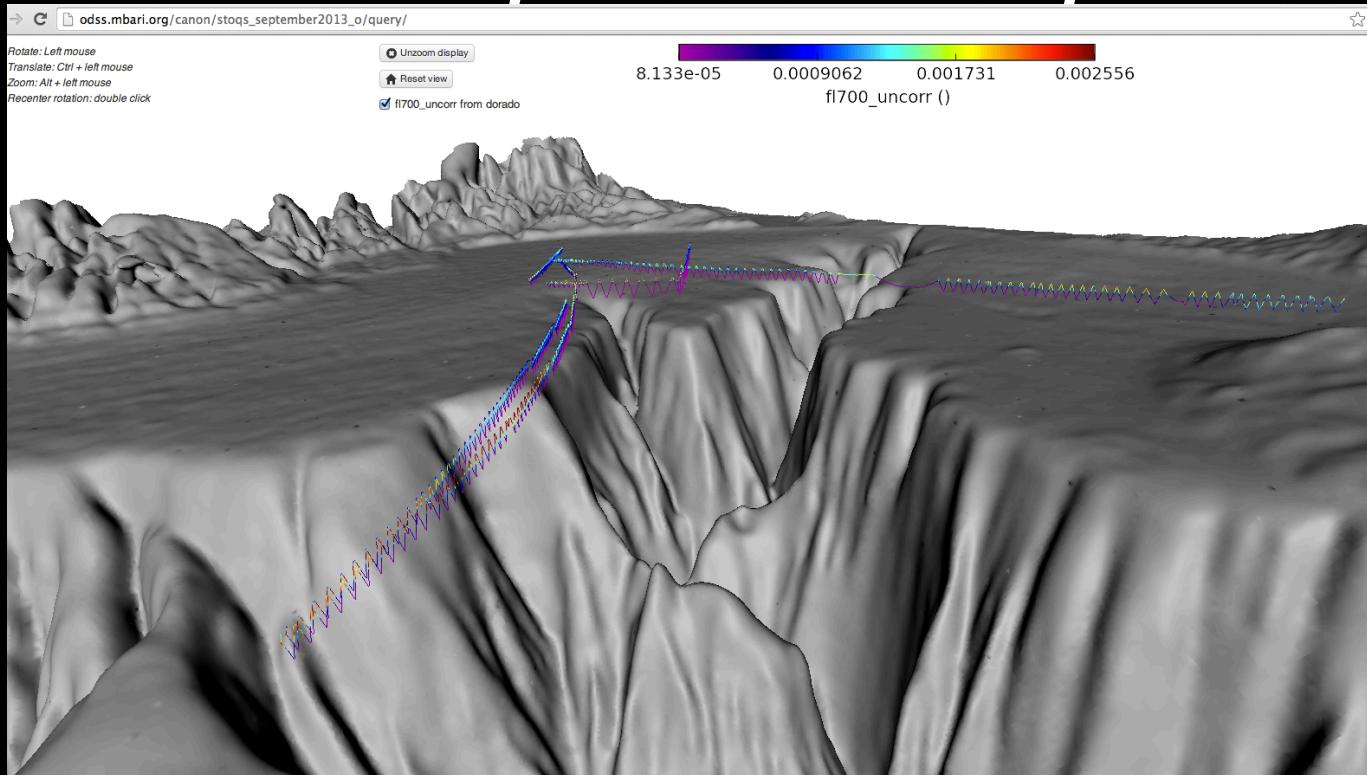


# X3D Geospatial Component

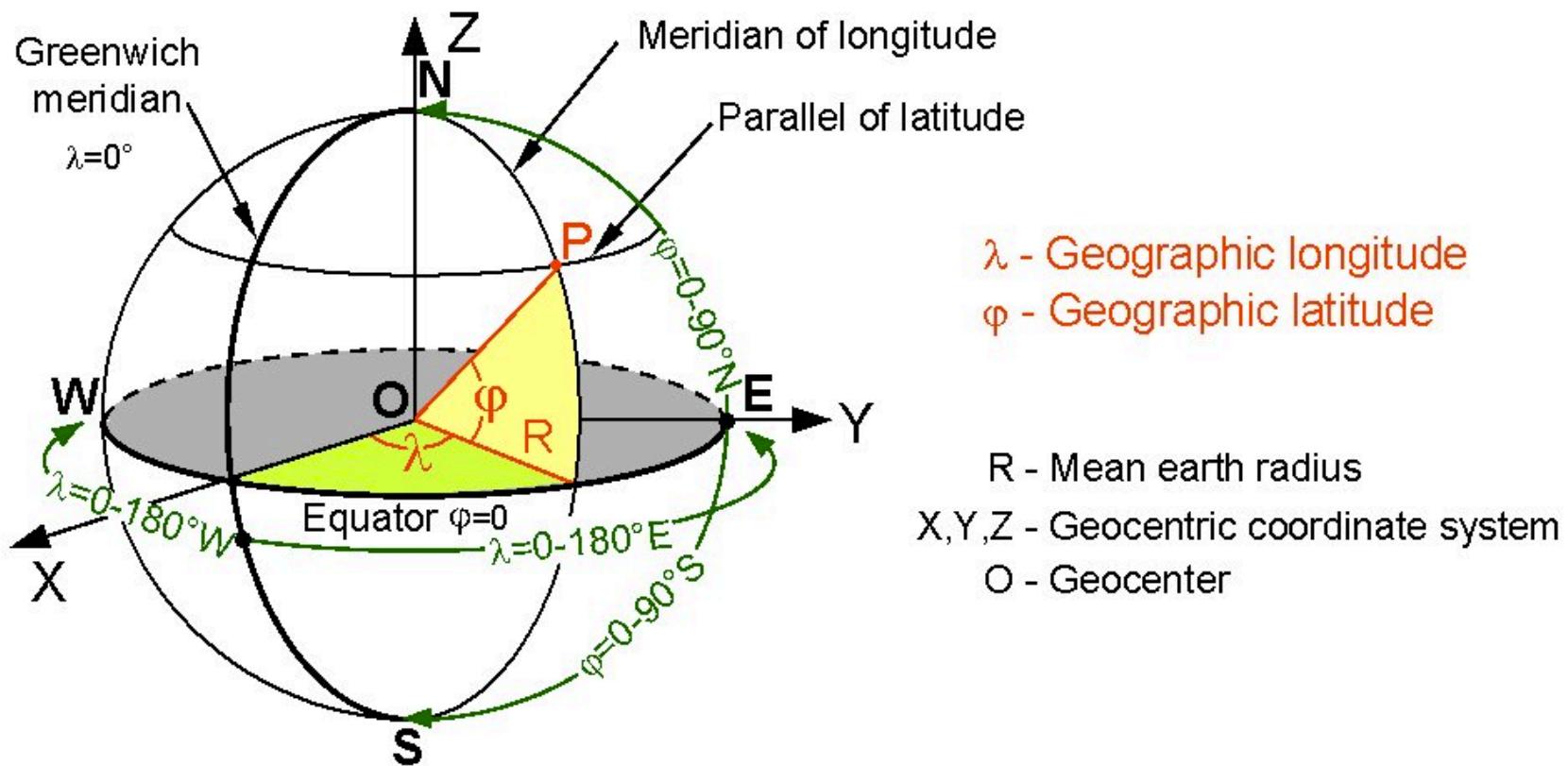


**Mike McCann**  
Monterey Bay Aquarium Research Institute  
**Web3D Emerging Technology Showcase**  
**Virginia Tech Research Center**  
**25 March 2014**

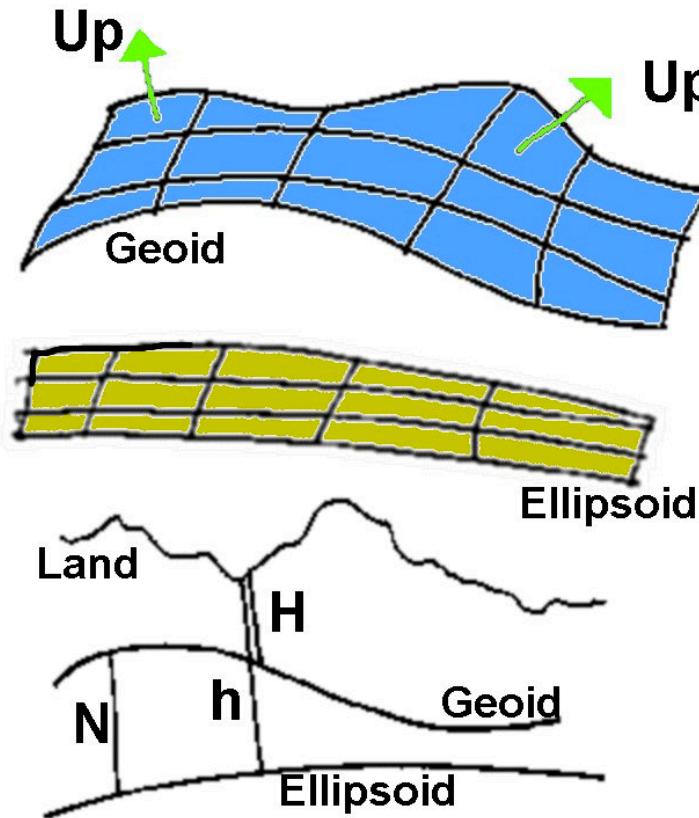
# X3D Geospatial

- All the benefits of X3D:
  - Rich computer graphics capabilities
  - Runtime environment
  - Built for the web
- Geospatial accuracy (ellipsoids, geoids, etc.)
- True mapping of 3D Geospatial coordinates to X3D's Cartesian X, Y, Z coordinates

# Geographic & Geocentric



# Geodesy



H orthometric  
or msl height

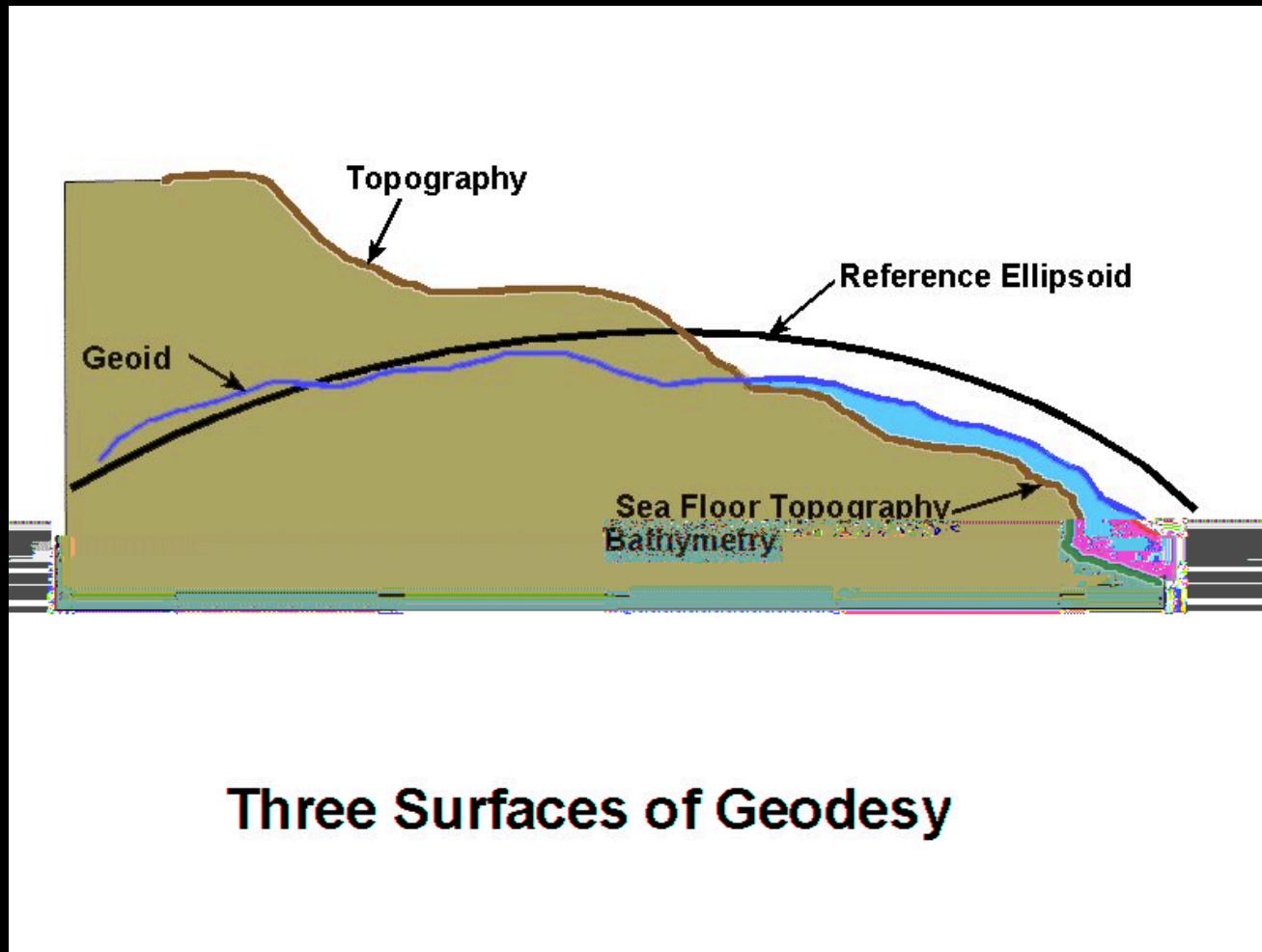
h ellipsoidal  
height

N geoid undulation or  
geoid separation

$$h = H + N$$

**Geoid - Ellipsoid Diagram**  
**Two and Three Dimensions**

# Geodesy



# GeoCoordinate Examples

```
# GEO lat 21.3... deg, long -157.86... deg, 0 m elevation, WGS84
```

```
<GeoCoordinate  
    geoSystem=""GD""  
    point="21.316258 -157.886202 0.0"  
</GeoCoordinate>
```

```
# UTM zone 11, 4361550.1 n, 310385.2 e, 1000 m elevation
```

```
<GeoCoordinate  
    geoSystem=""UTM", 'Z11"  
    point="4361550.1 310385.2 1000"  
</GeoCoordinate>
```

(All coordinates translated internally to geocentric)

# Simplicity of Use

- X3D Geo nodes are built out of **GeoCoordinate** nodes just as regular Geometry nodes are built out of Coordinate nodes
- GeoCoordinates may be specified in WGS84 Lat/Lon, UTM Easting/Northings, or GeoCentric x/y/z coordinates
- Nodes like **GeoElevationGrid** work just like ElevationGrid but with GeoCoordinates

# GeoSpatial Node overview

1. **GeoCoordinate** - Build geometry with geographic coordinates
2. **GeoElevationGrid** - Define height field with geographic coordinates
3. **GeoLocation** - Georeference a vanilla X3D model

# GeoSpatial Node overview (cont.)

4. **GeoLOD** - Multi-resolution terrain level of detail management
5. **GeoMetadata** - Dublin Core element style Information about the data
6. **GeoOrigin** - Used to increase the precision within the scene (deprecated)

# GeoSpatial Node overview (cont.)

7. **GeoPositionInterpolator** - Animate objects within the geographic coordinate system
8. **GeoProximitySensor** - Provides geographic coordinates of viewer's position
9. **GeoTouchSensor** - Return geographic coordinates of an object

# GeoSpatial Node overview (cont.)

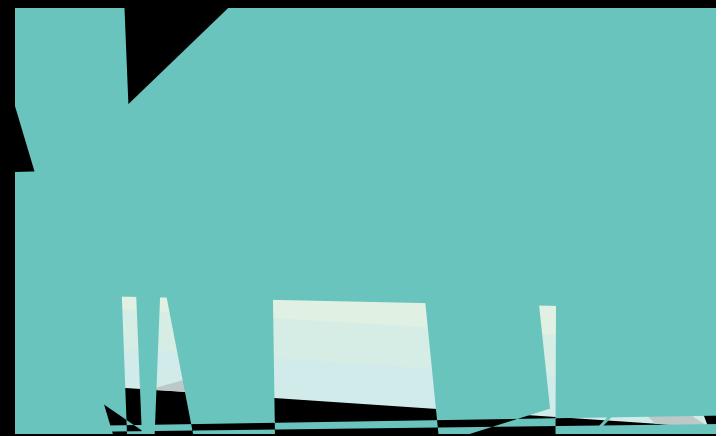
10. **GeoTransform** - Translate and rotate GeoCoordinate built geometry orthometricly, *i.e.* relative to local tangent plane of ellipsoid or geoid
11. **GeoViewpoint** - Specify viewpoint in geographic coordinates

# Extending X3DOM

- Javascript library for plugin-free 3D Web
- Some support for Geospatial:
  - GeoCoordinate
  - GeoElevationGrid
  - ...
- POPGeometry and BinaryGeometry
  - Not (yet) part of X3D Specification
  - Can be used for detailed terrain rendering

# More detail into the Geo nodes

- The building blocks of GeoSpatial worlds

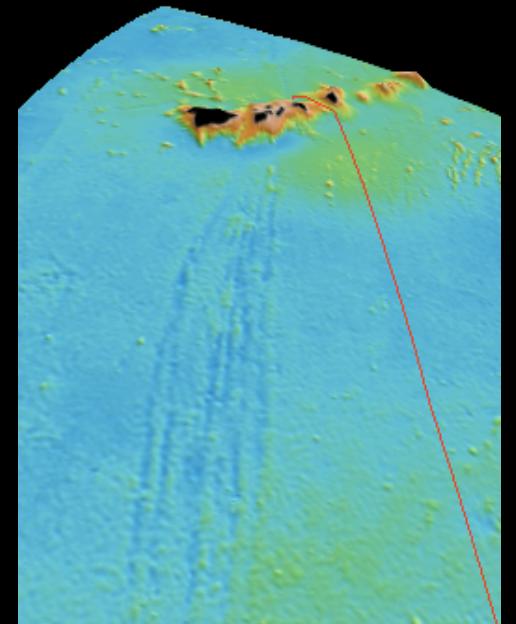


# GeoCoordinate (1 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Specify a list of geographic coordinates
- Usage
  - Can use a **GeoCoordinate** node anywhere an X3D Coordinate node can go, e.g. PointSet, IndexedFaceSet, or IndexedLineSet.
- Uses
  - Build models in terms of lat/long or UTM. For example, a road line segment, a GPS track, or 3-D model from GPS-recorded points or model simulation

# GeoCoordinate (1 of 11)

```
<Shape>
  <IndexedLineSet colorPerVertex="false"
    coordIndex="0 1 2 . . ."
    <GeoCoordinate
      point="21.316258 -157.886202 0.0,
             21.316262 -157.8862 0.0,
             21.31626 -157.886193 0.0, . . ."
      geoSystem=""GD"">
      <GeoOrigin USE="ORIGIN"/>
    </GeoCoordinate>
    <Color color="1.0 0.0 0.0"/>
  </IndexedLineSet>
</Shape>
```

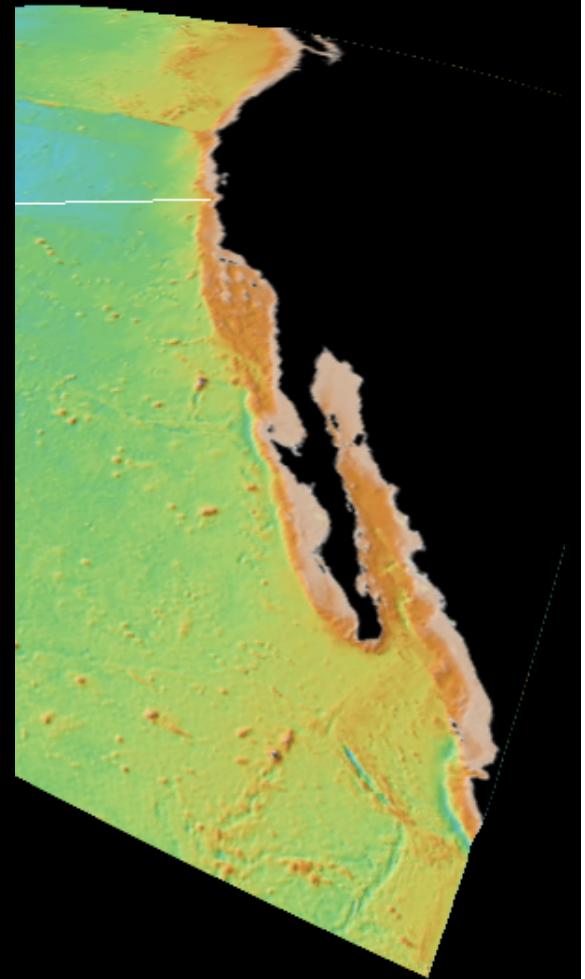


# GeoElevationGrid (2 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Define a height field using geographic coordinates
- Usage
  - Can use a **GeoElevationGrid** node anywhere an X3D ElevationGrid can go, e.g. from the geometry field of a Shape node.
- Uses
  - Create terrain models for local or large areas (automatically introduces correct degree of earth curvature)

# GeoElevationGrid (2 of 11)

```
<Shape>
  <Appearance>
    <ImageTexture
      url=""NEPacific50.jpg""/>
  </Appearance>
  <GeoElevationGrid
    geoGridOrigin="15.0 -165.0 0.0"
    height="-5416.0, -5496.0, ...
    xDimension="113" xSpacing="0.5380962885"
    zDimension="66" zSpacing="0.5415395186"
    yScale="10.0"/>
    <TextureCoordinate
      point="0.0 0.0, 0.00892857 0.0, ... />
  </GeoElevationGrid>
</Shape>
```



# GeoLocation (3 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Georeference a vanilla X3D model onto the surface of the earth
- Usage
  - The **GeoLocation** node is a grouping node that affects the location of its children. It also sets the orientation so that +Y is up for that location.
- Uses
  - Place a non-georeferenced model at its correct location and orientation, place an X3D Viewpoint or ElevationGrid at a geographic location.

# GeoLocation (3 of 11)

```
<GeoLocation  
    containerField="children"  
    geoSystem="\"GD\""  
    geoCoords="37.45855  
              -122.172997 6.5">  
    <inline url="building.x3dv" />  
</GeoLocation>
```

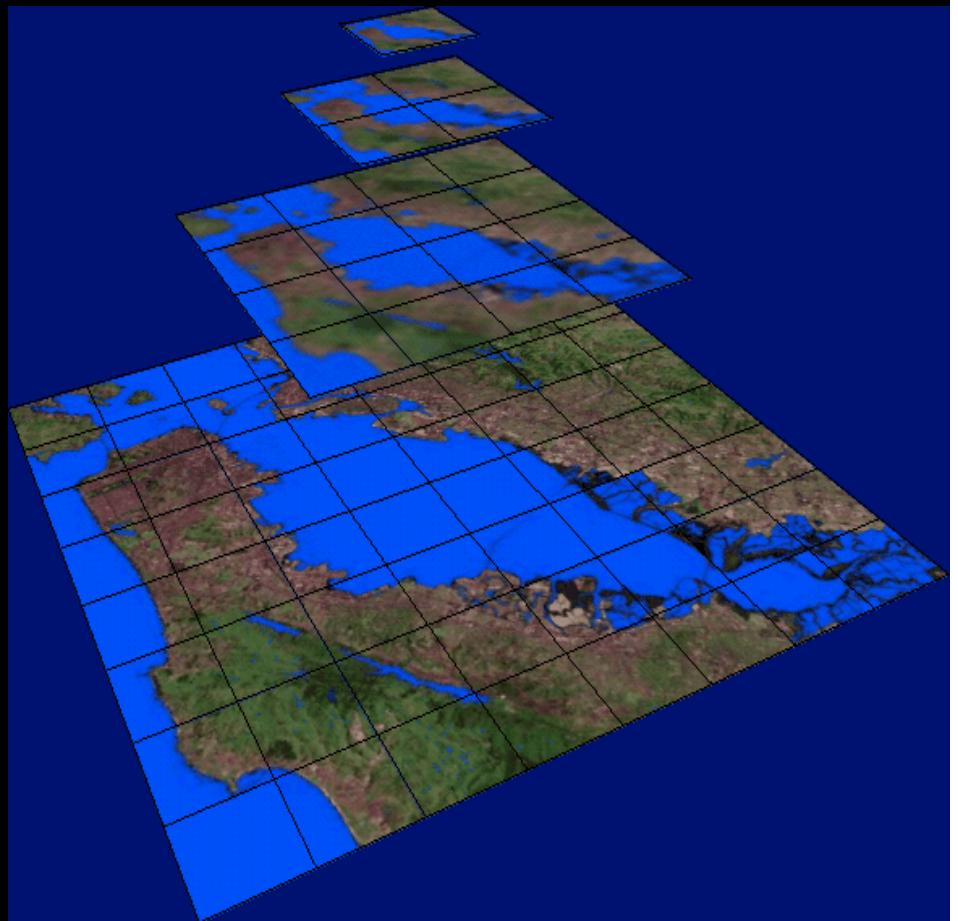


# GeoLOD (4 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Level of detail management for multi-resolution terrains
- Usage
  - The **GeoLOD** node is a grouping node that switches between two resolution levels of a quad-tree based upon distance from a point.
- Uses
  - Build massive tiled, multi-resolution terrain models where the browser progressively loads higher resolution detail as you fly into the terrain.

# GeoLOD (4 of 11)

```
GeoLOD {
    center 36.5 -122.4 -2054.4
    child1Url "../../trees/2/
    p0p0.x3dv"
    child2Url "../../trees/2/
    p1p0.x3dv"
    child3Url "../../trees/2/
    p0p1.x3dv"
    child4Url "../../trees/2/
    p1p1.x3dv"
    geoOrigin USE ORIGIN
    geoSystem "GD"
    range 72673.5
    rootNode Shape {
        appearance Appearance {
            texture ImageTexture {
                url "../../images/1/
                p0p0.jpg"
            }
        }
    }
}
```



# GeoMetadata (5 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Include a generic subset of metadata about the geographic data
- Usage
  - Can be thought of as a WorldInfo node, but specifically designed for describing geographic information.
- Uses
  - Provide a subset of metadata information about one or more geographic elements in a scene, and provide links to full metadata and source files.

# GeoMetadata (5 of 11)

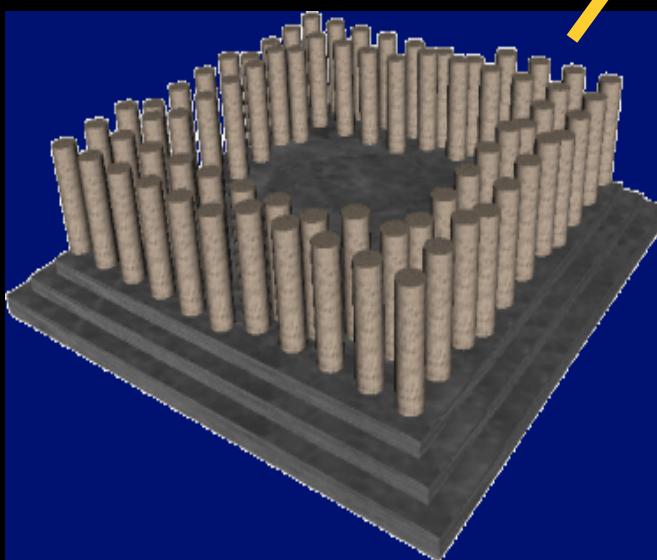
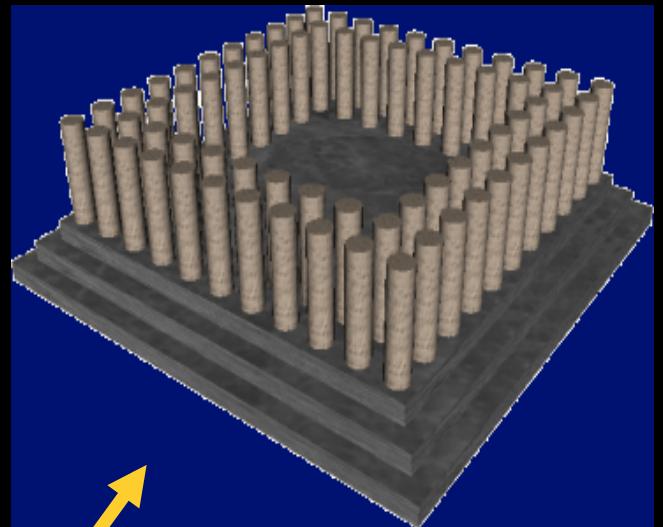
```
GeoMetadata {  
    summary [  
        "title", "SAN FRANCISCO NORTH, CA"  
        "description", "DEM GENERATED FROM 1/24,000 DLG-  
        SOURCE"  
        "coordinate-system", "UTM Z10"  
        "extent", "555060.99 4177990.30 543974.53 4191924.61"  
        "resolution", "30"  
        "originator", "United States Geological Survey (USGS)"  
        "data-format", "USGS 7.5 min DEM"  
    ]  
    data USE GEOEG  
    url "sanfranciscon.dem"  
}
```

# GeoOrigin (6 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Specify a local coordinate system for increased floating point precision
- Usage
  - You can use a GeoOrigin node only as the value for a geoOrigin field in another X3D node. Only one GeoOrigin per scene. Use DEF/USE to provide the same GeoOrigin node to all GeoVRML nodes.
- Uses
  - Remove floating point rounding artifacts for ground-level models such as quantization of vertices and camera jitter during navigation

# GeoOrigin (6 of 11)

```
<GeoOrigin DEF="ORIGIN"  
    containerField="children"  
    geoSystem=""GD""  
    geoCoords="30.0 -5.0 0.0"/>  
  
<GeoCoordinate  
    geoSystem=""GD""  
    point="31.31834 -5.886202  
    0.0"  
        <GeoOrigin  
        USE="ORIGIN"/>  
</GeoCoordinate>
```

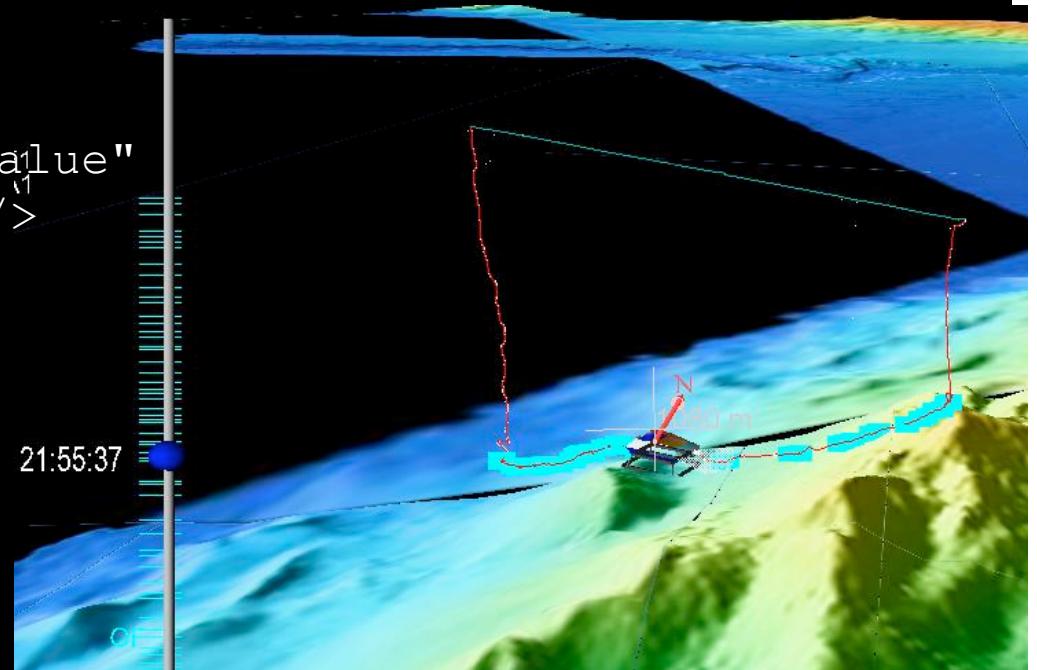


# GeoPositionInterpolator (7 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Animate objects within a geographic coordinate system
- Usage
  - Can use a GeoPositionInterpolator node anywhere that a X3D PositionInterpolator node can go.
- Uses
  - Perform fly-throughs of X3D content by animating the camera, animate objects based upon GPS data or key frame locations.

# GeoPositionInterpolator (7 of 11)

```
<GeoPositionInterpolator  
DEF="ROV_Pos_Interpolator">  
  <IS>  
    <connect nodeField="key"  
protoField="rovKeys"/>  
    <connect nodeField="keyValue"  
protoField="rovLocation"/>  
  </IS>  
  <GeoOrigin USE="ORIGIN"/>  
</GeoPositionInterpolator>
```



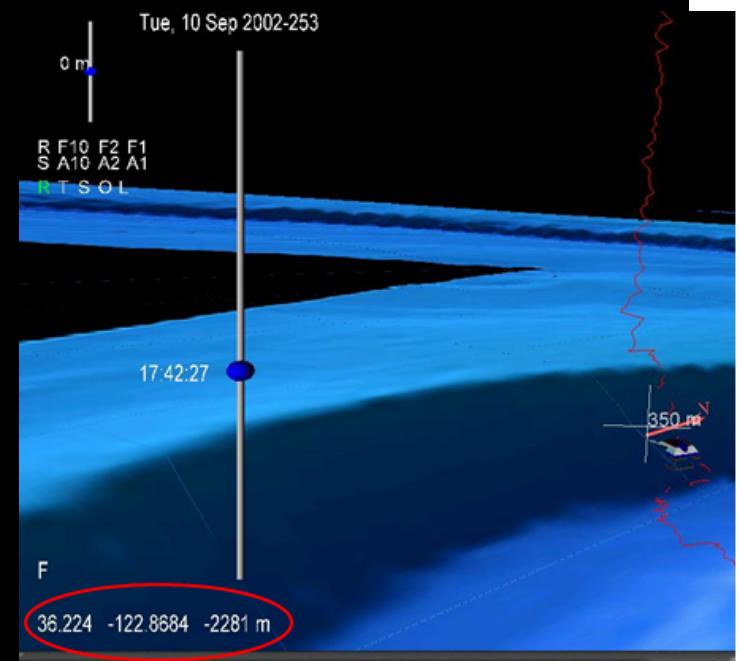
# GeoProximitySensor (8 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Report geographic location of the viewer's position
- Usage
  - Can use a **GeoProximitySensor** node anywhere that an X3D ProximitySensor node can go.
- Uses
  - Specify proximity sensors in GeoSpatial reference frame.
  - Route GeoCoordinate values of viewpoint location

# GeoProximitySensor (8 of 11)

```
DEF PROX GeoProximitySensor {  
    geoOrigin USE ORIGIN  
    geoSystem [ "GD" ]  
    geoCenter IS diveMidpoint  
    size 1.e6 1.e6 1.e6  
}  
.  
.  
.  
.
```

```
ROUTE PROX.geoCoord_changed TO  
    PROX_script.set_geoCoord  
ROUTE PROX_script.locationString TO  
    DepthDisplay.set_string
```

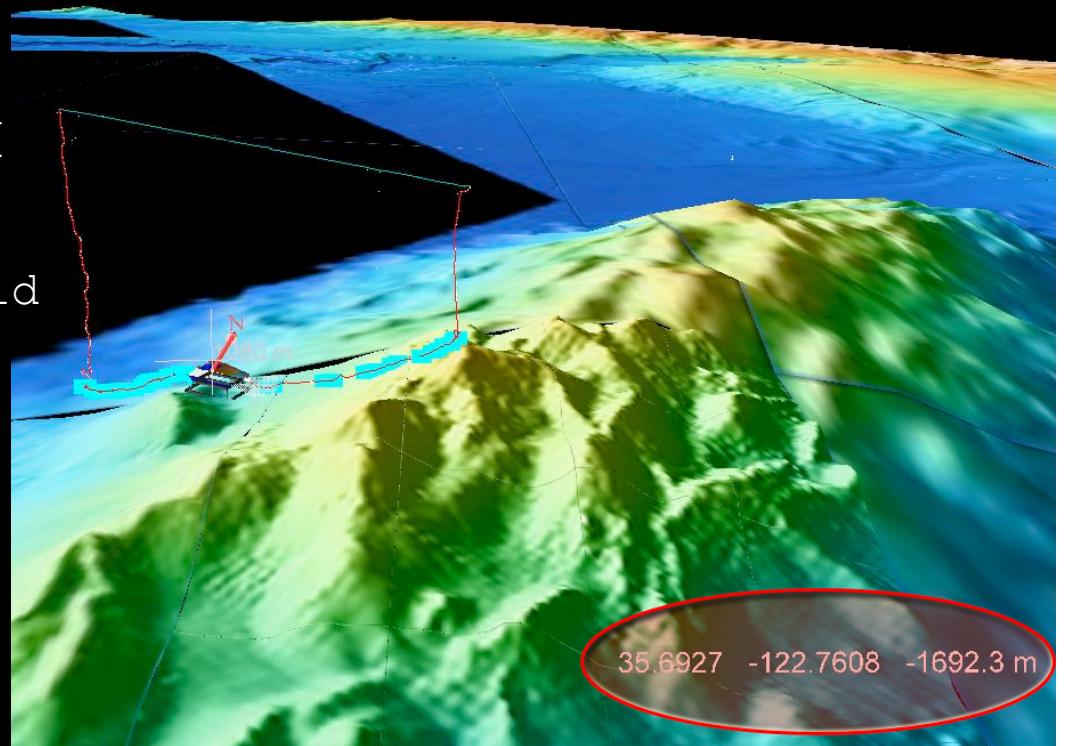


# GeoTouchSensor (9 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Report geographic location of the mouse position on an object
- Usage
  - Can use a **GeoTouchSensor** node anywhere that an X3D Touch Sensor node can go.
- Uses
  - Route GeoCoordinate values of mouse position and act on mouse clicks.

# GeoTouchSensor (9 of 11)

```
Group {  
    children [  
        DEF GTS GeoTouchSensor {  
            geoOrigin USE ORIGIN  
        }  
        geometry GeoElevationGrid  
        {  
            . . .  
        }  
    ]  
}  
. . .
```



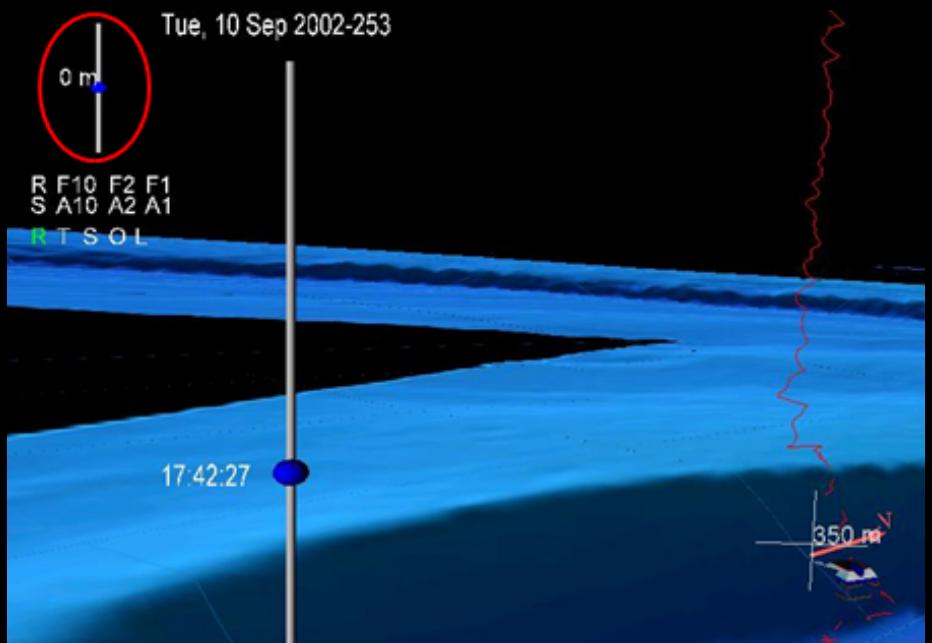
```
ROUTE GTS.hitGeoCoord_changed TO  
TEXTSCRIPT.set_value
```

# GeoTransform (10 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Translate and rotate GeoCoordinate geometry relative to ellipsoidal tangent plane
- Usage
  - Grouping node like Transform, but for GeoCoordinate geometry
- Uses
  - For Shape nodes built of GeoCoordinates  
GeoTransform provides translation and rotation routable attributes for moving GeoCoordinate constructed geometry relative to a local tangent plane on the globe.

# GeoTransform (10 of 11)

```
DEF DiveLocation GeoTransform {  
    geoOrigin USE ORIGIN  
    geoCenter IS diveMidpoint  
    children [  
        Transform {  
            children [  
                DEF ROVTrackShape Shape {  
                    geometry IndexedLineSet {  
                        coord GeoCoordinate {  
                            geoOrigin USE ORIGIN  
                            point IS rovLocation  
                        }  
                    }  
                }  
            ]  
        }  
    ]  
} .  
  
ROUTE DepthSliderEvents.translation_changed TO  
DiveLocation.set_translation
```



# GeoViewpoint (11 of 11)

- Purpose
  - Specify a viewpoint using geographic coordinates
- Usage
  - Can use a **GeoViewpoint** anywhere an X3D Viewpoint node can go. The viewpoint orientation is relative to the up vector at that location.
- Uses
  - Place the camera at a geographic coordinate, setup sensible navigation options such as height-based velocity and near/far clipping planes.

# GeoViewpoint (11 of 11)

```
GeoViewpoint {  
    position "51.5 -0.1 1000000"  
    orientation 1 0 0 -1.57  
    geoSystem "GD"  
    navType "EXAMINE"  
    description "View1"  
    headlight TRUE  
    jump TRUE  
}
```

